

## Cardiac Morphology of TGA and its common associations

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Brompton Cardiac Morphology

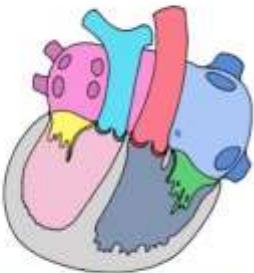
Website: [www.rbht.nhs.uk/cardiacMorphology](http://www.rbht.nhs.uk/cardiacMorphology)

LinkedIn: Brompton Cardiac Morphology

## Transposition of the Great Arteries

Complete transposition, TGA, d-tga .....

### Definition



Usual atrial arrangement      Mirror-imaged atrial arrangement  
Concordant atrioventricular connections  
and discordant ventriculo-arterial connections

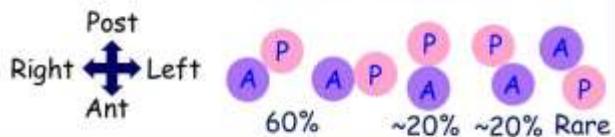
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## Transposition of the Great Arteries

Complete transposition, TGA, d-tga .....



Great arteries tend to arise in parallel (loss of spiral relationship between aorta and pulm trunk)

Abnormal location of the aorta is a useful clue,  
but not always complete transposition!

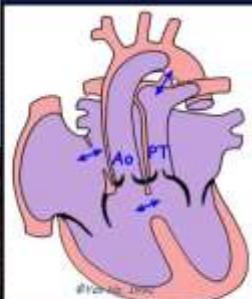
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## Transposition of the Great Arteries

- 5 - 10% of congenital heart malformations
- Up to 20% of cardiac deaths in infancy if untreated



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## Transposition of the Great Arteries

### Complete transposition



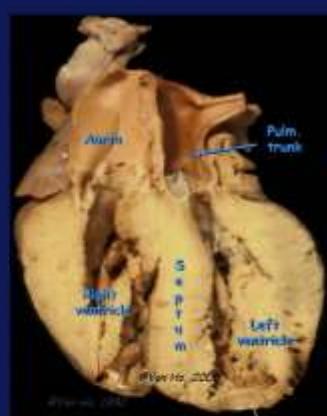
'Simple'  
Intact ventricular septum  
No major associated malformations

- 'Complex'
- + complicating lesions, e.g.
  - VSD
  - Subpulmonary obstruction
  - Subaortic obstruction
  - Valvar anomalies
  - etc

## Transposition of the Great Arteries

### 'Simple'

Intact ventricular septum  
No major associated malformations



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TGA

## Transposition of the Great Arteries

### 'Simple'

Intact ventricular septum

No major associated malformations

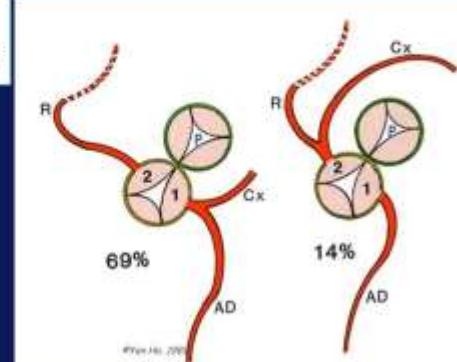
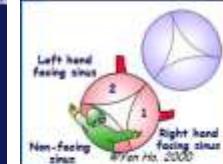
However, may not be so 'simple' .....

e.g. variability in  
coronary arteries  
arterial relationships  
infundibular morphology

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## Transposition of the Great Arteries: Coronary arteries

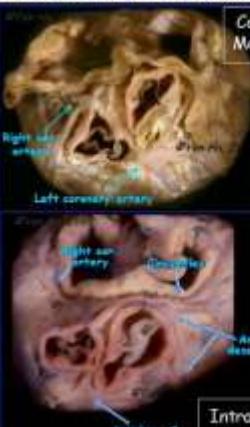


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## Transposition of the Great Arteries: Coronary arteries

Commissural Malalignment



High take-off, solitary



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## Transposition of the Great Arteries: Coronary arteries

### Origin of coronary arteries



Left Hand Sinus (Sinus 2)      Right Hand Sinus (Sinus 1)

53/61      58/60

4/61

4/61      2/60

Li .... Ho, Heart 2000

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## Transposition of the Great Arteries

### 'Complex'

+ complicating lesions, e.g.

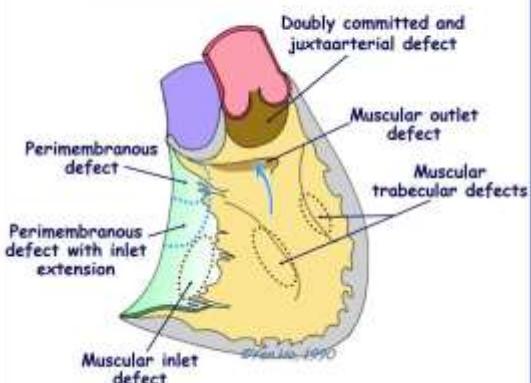
- VSD 40 - 45% of cases (75% with malalignment of the outlet septum)
- Subpulmonary obstruction (LVOTO) 25% of cases
- Subaortic obstruction
- Coarctation 5% of cases
- Valvar anomalies
- etc

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## Transposition of the Great Arteries: VSD

### Ventricular septal defects



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**VSD + malalignment**

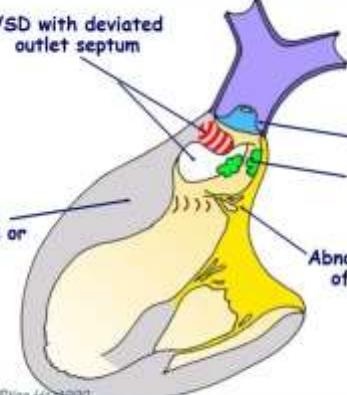
Hypoplastic RV



**Malignment of inlet septum  
- straddling TV**

VSD with deviated outlet septum

Fibrous diaphragm or tunnel



Valvar stenosis  
Aneurysmal tissue tags

Abnormal insertions of mitral valve

**Subpulmonary obstruction: Septal bulge****Subaortic obstruction (RV outflow)**

- \* Muscular infundibulum
- \* Anomalous muscle bundles
- \* Anomalous tension apparatus
- \* Deviated outlet septum (with VSD)

**'Complex'**

- + complicating lesions, e.g.
- VSD 40 - 40% of cases (75% with malalignment of the outlet septum)
- Subpulmonary obstruction (LVOTO) 25% of cases
- Subaortic obstruction
- Coarctation 5% of cases
- Valvar anomalies
- etc

**Thank you**

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